

Bristol March 9th 1845 —

My dear Mr Chapman

Though I shall not be able at once to send off a letter, yet I must at ~~now~~ tell you how very much pleasure I have had in the receipt of your kind frank & very interesting letter. Your contributions to your Fair had been at the expense of much time & trouble, you ~~should~~ have ~~feel~~ ^{been} greatly rewarded by the knowledge that the sympathy they evinced was felt to be encouraging by those engaged in so ~~long~~ a cause. — but it was quite a pleasure to us to draw for such an object, & I only feel that we purchase at too cheap a rate the satisfaction of being of the least service in the great work. — Nothing but unavoidable necessity will prevent our sending some drawings this year, & I shall be much disappointed if Bristol does not stand to us at least as honourable this November as it did last. — If I were to attempt to express to you the unutterable horrors & detestations which I have of the whole system of slavery, both as regards the perpetrators of it, & the unhappy sufferers, & of the sense I have of its utter inconsistency with the natural & revealed law of God, — I should indeed teach words. This is heightened in our minds by tenderness & sympathizing feelings towards the blacks, which a knowledge of their wrongs has implanted in our hearts from childhood, & which has prevented our having that feeling of their being a degraded race, which we have observed in most Americans, & which must of course greatly diminish their sympathy. Now I know that I should be ready to make any sacrifice really to benefit the cause. — The heart would often sink at the contemplation of so much sin & misery, Did it not rest assured that the Supreme Ruler of all will bring about His own ^{desired} ends in His own good time, & that the hour will come when there will be no distinction of bond and free, & when these despised ones shall stand forth as angels of light in the kingdom of their Father.

Meanwhile we must all work the work of Him who sent us into this world while it is day, & you is surely a great work! May you be so directed and guided in it that it may prosper in your hands! In looking back on the past, at periods when great revolutions were being effected, & when some remarkable men were raised up to lead & influence the public mind, I am struck with observing how often that which was right in them was hindered in their operation, & how they themselves often unnecessarily incurred odium, through some ununtertained & even either of judgment or of character. I trust that the Abolitionists will not injure their holy cause by forgetting that they must speak the truth in love; & that they must stand by & acquit the benevolence of the slaves and the tenderness of the serpent. I am on the other side of the Atlantic & it does indeed seem extraordinary that so many persons of high benevolence & deep piety are unfriendly to the Abolitionists, while they profess the strongest desire for the extinction of slavery. You are tempted to enquire whether this is the wisdom of those to whom such a doubt, & the severity of their language which they despise, while they deeply sympathize with the object the Abolitionists have in view. Will you, my dear Madam, excuse my writing to you with so much freedom? If you encourage me to do so, I will pardon you if my remarks are founded in ignorance. — The pamphlets you have kindly sent will be valuable to us, & we shall read them with attention. If taking an oath to support the Constitution implies any tacit consent to a law so unjust as giving a slaveholder votes for his slaves, it is certainly impossible for an Abolitionist to do so conscientiously; here again, it is almost impossible for us

Nov. 29th

at so great a distance to judge, without a fuller knowledge than we can have of the circumstances of the case. — I have presented one copy of the liberty Bell from you to Mrs. Armbray, the wife of our Minister, & another to Mrs. Kendal, the aunt of Mr. Martineau, who was very highly gratified with it. Through the pleasure of receiving the books would the both cases have been enhanced had you yourself written in it. The third copy I shall send to the Mr. Gaffs, who will, I doubt not be much pleased to hear how acceptable their drawings were. I have not yet sent this parcel to my Aunt, Mrs. T. Carpenter, but shall do so shortly, & am sure that she will be highly gratified with it.

As you expected a friend to have contributions to the liberty Bell, I enclose for you a little volume of poetry by my Mother's Sister, which is very little known, & which contains two pieces near the end which you may deem suitable. — My Brother Knibell has lately given a lecture on Slavery in his Chapel at Kidsgrove, & I tried to persuade him to commit into a brief form for your volume some of his remarks on the principal character of the Jewish institution of Slavery as contrasted with that now existing, but he thinks that that form of argument must be painful to you, & is too modest to put forward his. — If you think it would be acceptable, my Mother will send for the next few days copies of the legend, & of the Minions of my Father.

We are obliged by your kindness in sending us the Anti-Slavery Standard, but from not knowing the party politics of the Abolitionists, & not having much time for reading, we do not make as much use of it as others, it worth your having the trouble to send it, & I would therefore decline it with many thanks. — No pains taken in sever-

paper, which we have an opportunity of doing. — Thank you for
your promised but again to make her appear in the paper; with
this I should hardly have ventured to write to you again, for our
English ladies, not having been obliged to come forward as our own
American friends have been ~~forced~~ almost to do, feel a great shrinking
from any thing of the kind.

Farewell, my dear Friend; — with our best wishes for
the success of your cause, believe me ever to sincerely,

very truly yours,
Mary Carpenter. —

M. A. S. 221/15

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